

French colonization

Spanish colonization

English colonization

Hernando de Soto

The 3 G’s (God, gold, glory)

Spanish “Mission Period”

Diseases & raids

Religious freedom

New beginnings

Paleo

Archaic

Woodlands

Missisippian

Jean Ribault

Hugenots

John Rolfe & Jamestown

Rice, tobacco & indigo

**Vocabulary**

Paleo Shale

Archaic Tribe

Woodland Clan

 Mississippian Shale

Archaeologist Sherds

 Artifacts  Nomads

 Anthropologist Effigy

###  Culture Atlatl

 Antiquities Chiefdom

### Horticulture Beringia

Clovis Points Middens

Mounds Moat

Palisade Podium

Wooly Mammoth Mastodon

Barter Economy  Pottery

Maize  Oral tradition

Bow and arrow Wattle and daub

### Projectile Points Mound builders

### (Arrow heads) New World

### Colonization xpeditions

### Spanish missions Guale-Sea Island

### Barrier islands Fur trade

### Influence Conquistador

### Smallpox Monarchy

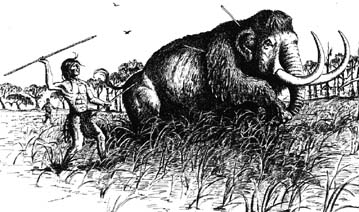
Catholicism Protestant

New World mercantilism

Prehistoric





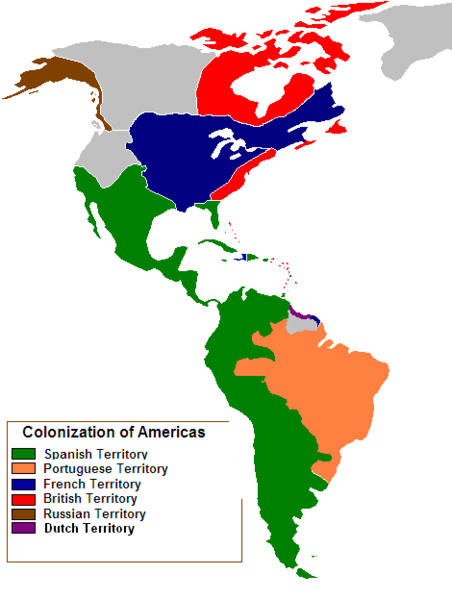


1. **How did the Native American cultures develop prior to European contact?**
2. **What impact did the environment have on the development of prehistoric Native Americans in Georgia?**
3. **What impact did the arrival of the Europeans have on the early Native American cultures?**
4. **Why did the Europeans (primarily the Spanish, French and English) explore and later settle parts of North America?**

**SS8H1, SS8E1**



**By 1750s**





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| --- | --- |
| **Paleo** | **12,000 - 8,000 BC** |
| **Archaic** | **8,000 - 1,000 BC** |
| **Woodland** | **1,000 BC - 1,000 AD** |
| **Mississippian** | **1000 – 1600 AD** |